Profile

of

KAIKHALI UNION



Upazila: Shyamnagar, District: Satkhira

December 2014

Local Capacity Building and Community Empowerment (LCBCE) Programme.

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Map of Kaikhali Union



Part A: General Information

1. Background, Socio-economic conditions, Disaster Vulnerabilities

1.1 Background

Kaikhali is a Union of Shyamnagar upazila of Satkhira district. The union was established in 1950 by the East Pakistan government. It is about 20 Km from Upazila head quarter and 75 km from Satkhira district head quarter. The present UP Chairman Rezaul Karin was elected by direct peoples vote and took charge in May 2011. The UP complex is located at Kaikhali village ward no. 3. Total area of the union is 44.62 sq. Km. The Palnadi River separated the union from India (West Bengle)

1.2 Socio-economic condition:

Like other rural areas of this district about 70% to 75% per cent (approx.) people are living below poverty line. Main occupations of the population are agriculture, fishing, day labor, fish culture van puller and small trades. The main crops are paddy. There are lots of forests cultivated by the government and private farmers. Fishing is considered as major livelihood, children are engaged in fishing boats resulted deprivation of their rights which is capital concern of education. Total literacy rate in the union is 49.9%, of which



male 55.9% and female 44.8% (Census 2011). There is no government and private Bank in this union but it has 2 medium size village markets. However, there are NGO, BRAC, Shushilon who are involved in micro–credit/financing programme. World Vision, Rupantor are works on C4D.

1.3 Geography:

The union is located in Shyamnagar Upazila and surrounded by Noorpur union in the North, Ramjan nagar union on east, Sundarban in the South and Palnadi River as well as west bengle (India) in the west side. .

1.4 Disaster and Vulnerabilities:

The union is situated on the bank of Palnadi River which separated the union from India and Sundarban. The total area of this union is coastal belt so Cyclone, heavy rainfall, and tidal wave hits almost every year and affects the people, damages their houses and crops, increase their sufferings which make them poor/ultra-poor. Poverty is persistent due to natural disaster and low income growth in the union. In the rainy season paddy, vegetable and other crops usually suffered by water logging. Fish



farmer's loss their fishes due to overflow of water. There are 8 Cyclone Shelter at different vulnerable villages. The Union Disaster Management Committee (UDMC) has assessed the disaster vulnerabilities and developed disaster preparedness and response plan in the last year with the support of LCBCE - UNICEF.

1.5. Hard-to-Reach Areas:

The union itself a hard-t-reach area more over there is hard to reach areas in this union as internal communication. Some Carpeting, brick solling and earthen road linked with almost all villages. Motor cycle and van are usually used within the union for communication. People do not face much difficulty to have access to social service facilities. Distance and communication mood are given below.

SI#	Name of Village	Distance from Union Parishad	Mood of Communication
1			Man Cools Mater and
1	Jadobpur	5 KM	Van, Cycle,Motor cycle
2	Purbo Koikhali	7 KM	Van, Cycle,Motor cycle
3	Joyakhali	5 KM	Van, Cycle,Motor cycle
4	Shailkhali	4 KM	Van, Cycle,Motor cycle
5	Poranpur	8 KM	Van, Cycle,Motor cycle
6	Mirjapur	6 KM	Van, Cycle,Motor cycle
7	Majherati	4 KM	Van, Cycle,Motor cycle

2. Population Profile:

2.1 Population in general

According to population Census 2011 The Union has a total population 24608 in 5815 house hold and population density is 1046 per Sq Km. But there is a significant variation on the size of population of the Union as "the holding assessment 2013-2014" which was conducted by union parishad, itself, and enumerated the total population 30408 and the number of households 6555. The Union Parishad claimed that the holding assessment is updated and correct. Around 89% population of this union are Muslim and only 11% are from Hindu religion.

The details are shown in the Table 1.1 in the Annex I.

2.2 Child Population:

According to the Census 2011, total child population in the union from 0 to 19 years are 10,365 which is 42% of total population (0-4 is 2455, 5-9 is 2958, 10-14 is 2916 and 15-19 is 2036. Community data provides more age specific information than census data and the total child population from 0 to 18 years are 13239 which is 43.53% of total population, 0-1 year is 841, 1 to 2 years 961, 5 to 6 years 1819 and 6 to 10 years 3408. This gives an increased population number than Census as usual.

Table 1.2 shows the details.

Part B: Situation of Children and Women

The following chapters describe the sector wise facilities and situation of children and women in the Union. The following table gives a snapshot of the situation of children and women in the union:

Table 1: Snapshot of Situation of children and women in the union

Indicators	Total	Received	Not
			Received
Number of pregnant women who have received / not received	475*	475*	
IFA tablets			
No of pregnant mothers who have completed 4 ANC visits	475*	245*	Some are not eligible for 4 ANC
No of delivery take place in health centers (institutional delivery)			Data not available in union level
No of 1 year old children having / not having birth certificates	890*	213**	677**
No of birth registration within 45 days of birth		00**	
No of 1 year old children who have completed all the vaccines	890*	890*	-
and left out			
No. of children <5 with / without recommended weight and			Data not available in
height			union level
No. of children in PPE/ out of PPE	729*	729*	-
No. of children in / out of school (Primary)	3048*	2993*	55*
No. of children in / out of school (Secondary)		1832*	
No of children engaged in labor		345**	
Children with disabilities		416**	
No. of children not living with families			No data
No of children below 18 who are married			No data
No of households with / without access to safe water sources	6555**	5923**	632**
No of households with / without sanitary latrines	6555**	5086**	1469**
No of female headed households			No data

*administrative data, **community data ***BRIS data as of January 2014

The union has 475 pregnant women as of September 2014 and all of them have visited the health center at least once for checkup. However, only 245 have completed 4 ANC visits and 230 pregnant women not receive the full package of service. None of the health centers in the union have any facility for deliver so no administrative data is available on this indicator. The table above shows that the union have 890 children under 2 years age and are have received full coverage of vaccination (as administrative data). Data are not available on nutritional status of children in any form. Community do not have much idea on this however, they identify healthy (fatty) and unhealthy (thin) children and think that most of the children are healthy. Health centers do not record the height or weight of the children. The table abovealso shows that 677 children of 1 year do not have birth certificate out of 890 children (Community data). Birth registration within 45 days of biorth not yet made in this union but overall online birth registration status is good. 165 children are not enrolled in BRAC run PPE Centre and 370 children covered by JCF ABL school those were not included in GoB status. A significant number of children are out of secondary education in the union but there are no valid data in anywhere. Child marriage is occurred but it is not recorded as the age is recorded above 18 years in the register during marriage.

3. Health and Nutrition

3.1 Situation of Children and Women in the Union

According to the community 773 children have received vaccines out of 951 children of 1 year age. This figure widely varies with the data provided by health sector which is 890 and all are received full package of vaccine. Community also think that every child is vaccinated however, there might be a few left out children which are not counted or recorded.

Table 2.1 shows the Number of children fully immunized or left out in Annex II.

Community data says that the Union has 315 pregnant women as of September 2014. During September 201 pregnant women have completed 4 ANC visits and 163 have consumed at least 100 IFA tablets during last six months (Source: WDC as of September 2014). This data varies with the administrative data i.e. Family Planning Office enlisted 475 pregnant women out of which 245 have completed 4 ANC visits, 475 have received IFA tablets and 405 have consumed 100 IFA during last six months up to September 2014.

Table 2.2 shows the Number of Pregnant women with status of IFA intake in Annex II.

Few institutional delivery takes place in the upazila level. Institutional delivery is very low and it is assumed by the community that 10 to 15 delivery take place in upazila health center. These deliveries mostly occur in case of complicacy or in the case of women from well off families or who are very aware.

3.2 Facilities and services available in the Union: The Union has a Family Welfare Center (FWC), 3 functional Community Clinics (CC), 8 Satellite Clinics and 24 EPI sites. There are health services in the Union provided by NGOs which are mainly community awareness.

Table 2.3 in annex II shows the available facilities in the Union.

3.3 Status of Human Resource:

3.3.1 Department of Health: The Union is served by 1 SACMO, 1 Assistant Health Inspector (AHI), 5 HA and 3 CHCP. There are no vacant position in health section but as community information they are not getting quality health service. Community people informed that both the Health and Family Planning Personnel were irregular to provide service

Table 2.4 in annex II shows the HR status of Health services in the Union.

3.3.2 Department of Family Planning: The Union is served by 1 Family Welfare Visitor (FWV), 1 Family Planning Inspector (FPI) and 6 Family Welfare Assistants (FWA). At present there are no vacant position in Family planning section.

Table 2.5 in annex II shows the HR status of Family Welfare services in the Union.

4. Situation of Birth Registration, Disability, Child Marriage and Child Labour

- **4.1 Birth Registration:** A significant number of children of one year old do not have birth certificate. Community data shows that 213 children have birth certificates out of 890 children. Till September 2014, there were no registered any children within 45 days of birth. (BRIS data). The Union Parishad is well equipped for providing services for ensuring birth registration of children. It is served by a Secretary, and two UISC Entrepreneurs. This progress happened with the support of the District, Upazila administration, UNICEF and NGOs joint efforts. The UP is providing free services to the children of below two years.
- **4.2 Children with Disability:** There are 416 children with disability in the union. Few of them are attending school and many of them do not have opportunity to attend school as the school does not have physical structure or friendly environment that encourages them to stay. Data are not available neither with the community or the government department on how many children are attending schools and how many do not attend.
- **4.3 Child Marriage**: Though child marriage occurs, no data available on child marriage.
- **4.4 Children detached from families:** Some children are detached from their family. However, the community do not have information on whether these children are all orphan or where they are engaged. The UP is trying to collect the real information and accordingly make a plan for their survival.
- **4.5 Status of HR:** The Union has <u>one Secretary</u> who is responsible for all the activities in the UP including birth registration. According to the UP Act 2009, the UP should have at least another staff who will look after the accounts and other administrative issues. However, the UISC Entrepreneurs are providing support in birth registration. The Union is also served by a government social worker.
- **4.6 Child Labour:** According to the community the Union has 345 children who are engaged with informal labour force. Children are mainly engaged in agricultural works, fishing and non-formal sector like in the tea stall and small hotels and restaurants. And these children are out of schools. Though some of the children are getting conditional cash transfer from the government supported by UNICEF, it is not able to cover all of the children out of school.

5. Education: Pre Primary, Primary and Secondary Education

5.1 Coverage of Education: According the survey conducted by the DPE, the Union has a total of 729 pre-school aged children and all are enrolled in pre-primary class run by government. National NGO BRAC run 5 PPE Centre in this union and covered 165 children those were out of upazila primary education department survey. Actually they (UPE) shows total number of children those were enrolled in PPE class



run by government schools. The total number of children of aged 5 to 6 differs with the data

provided by community which is 1753. NGOs do not conduct any survey on how many eligible children are in the Union rather they use the departmental data and enrol children within the surrounding of the school. According to the community people, there are many children who do not attend pre-primary class because of lack of early learning centres or school within their reach (within a kilo meter) and for poor road communications.

At primary level there are 3048 children of 6-10 years old but 2993 enrolled in the primary schools run by Government that means 55 not enrolled in primary level. On the other hand NGO named JCF run 12 ABL school and covered 370 primary level drop out children those are not included in GoB status. According to community information till some children are not enrolled in the primary schools. Many children are attending Madrassa for their education both at primary and secondary level and data are not available. Community data of this age group differs with the administrative data.

At secondary level, there are 1832 children are enrolled in different schools (Girls: 959 & boys: 773) students are enrolled in two secondary level registered schools and three secondary level Madrasa within and adjacent to the union. According to the Table 4.3 there are no data for out of school children. If we consider the child population data (Census 2011), the secondary school going children are 2986 or more and the school enrolment is only 2159 which means that a large number of children (827) are not enrolled or do not attend in or dropped out from secondary education (Age 11-14 only).

Table 4.1, 4.2, 4.3 shows the data on Education coverage in Annex IV.

5.2 Available Facilities: The Union has 14 Government Primary Schools (GPS), 6 NGO schools run by BRAC and 12 ABL school run by JCF to cover the PPE and primary level education. Out of 21 villages in the Union, there are 7 small villages without government schools. However, there are some schools in those villages run by NGO and community. The Union has only 2 secondary schools and three Madrasa to cover the secondary level education.

Table 4.4 shows the data on facilities in Annex IV.

5.3 HR status in the Education Sector: There are 14 posts for Head Teachers and 88 posts for Assistant Teacher sanctioned in 14 GPS and only 7 posts of assistant teacher are vacant. According to the Government policy standard, the teacher student ratio for PPE is 1:30 and for primary class the ratio is 1:45. The data in table 4.2 shows that there are 2993 children enrolled in 14 GPS and a few schools do not follow this standard and the average class size of these schools is more than 50 PPE children /teacher. Discussion with different school teachers and community, it is found that a few of the schools are overcrowded and more than 60 children are enrolled in each class. This overcrowds hampers the learning process of the children.

6. Water and Sanitation

6.1 Safe Water Facility: DPHE does not have record on number of tube wells, Rain water harvesting, PSF and pipe line supply water points in the union. According to the Census 2011, 464 households have access to tube wells water. This figure widely varies with the community data. Community data shows that the Union has 90 tube wells, 8 RWHS and 687 PSF water points. A total of 5923 (90%) households have access to safe water out of 6555 households. According to the Government Policy, every 5 households should have one safe water points.

Sanitation coverage: Sanitation coverage in the Union is good. The union has 5815 (Census 2011) households where only 580 households (10%) have hygienic latrines, 2861 households have unhygienic non water seal sanitary latrine, 2214 HH have non sanitary latrine and 160 HH do not have any latrines. Community data widely varies with this data. Table 5.2 in Annex V shows that 5086 (77.59%) households have hygiene latrines, 1450 households use unhygienic latrines and 19 households do not have any latrines out of 6555 households

Status of HR: The Union is served by 0.50 (one for two union) tube well mechanic who is responsible only for the DPHE provided water points. There is a Sub-Assistant Engineer in upazila.

Services by NGOs:

There are eight to ten NGOs including Brac, Rupantor, NGO-Fourm, Caritas, World Vision, Dhaka Ahsania mission, Shushilon, Care-Bangladesh working in the Union on health, education, child protection, water and sanitation etc. Care-Bangladesh, Rupantar are implementing Nutrition and C4D Project with support from UNICEF.

8. Functional Status of Union Parishad

The Union Parishad is functioning with the Chairman, 12 members and a Secretary. The UP holds coordination meeting in every months regularly. All the standing committees have been formed and most of the committees are functioning and hold meeting to discuss the relevant issues.

Ward Shova: Ward Shovas were held in all the Wards in March and April 2014 and children issues were discussed in many of the Ward Shovas. Members proposed specific needs of children related to education, child rights, safe water and sanitation to incorporate in the UP plan. Last year UP budgeted Taka 31819000/- to implement its annual plan for 2013-2014 fiscal year. This budget largely was distributed in road constructions, infrastructures etc. Tk.145000/= was allocated for children to address the children issues. In this year the UP allocated Tk.920000/= for children and total budget for fiscal year 2014-15 is 45197000/= taka.

Detailed data on the profile are presented in the next pages as annex.

ANNEXURES

Annex I
Table 1.1: Sex disaggregated Population data

Porakhali

Majherati

Total

Naikati

Name of village **Population and Housing Census** Population according to Community/ RbmsL"v Ward Lvbvi ‡gıU Cijal bvi x Lvbvi ‡gıU Cijal bvi x msL"v msL"v # Total male female Total male female No. of No. of НН House holds Purbo Koikhali Shapkhali Joyakhali Boskhali Kaikhali Shailkhali Katamari Jadobpur Paranpur Kankarghata Mirjapur Mendinogor Ghona Khosalpur Nidoya Shib Chondropur Asthakhali Gorakhali

Table 1.2: Age specific child population

I qvW [©] bs/	Mig∕ Village	# of Chi		ge structu ensus 201		ding to	ıkï		ren acc		numbe g to the	
		Total Popula- tion	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	<1	1-2	0-5	5-6	6-10	10- 18
	Purbo Koikhali	2509	261	316	291	201	144	110	265	282	537	1050
01	Shapkhali	1418	142	211	211	98						
	Joyakhali	1975	188	217	245	174	172	233	450	467	683	1325
02	Boskhali	2394	261	323	280	201						
03	P. Kaikhali	3807	365	426	445	297	84	124	176	187	397	512
	Shailkhali	1494	133	167	181	111	46	55	100	83	263	412
04	Katamari	501	53	73	63	40	-					
05	Jadobpur	1207	119	162	126	91	40	50	72	80	270	501
06	Paranpur	3375	348	422	375	304	157	167	391	411	577	1102
	Kankarghata	426	49	42	47	28						
07	Mirjapur	364	35	43	38	30	39	24	157	123	328	560
	Mendinagar	957	97	106	123	92						
	Ghona	221	32	17	18	25						
08	Khosalpur	255	29	29	26	24	111	131	108	136	155	305
	Nidoya	691	57	72	80	61						
	Shib Chondropur	941	80	106	106	100						
	Asthakhali	332	34	35	35	17						
09	Majherati	330	34	37	52	16	48	67	100	128	198	347
	Gorakhali	187	23	23	18	22						
	Porakhali	454	42	41	63	40						
	Naikati	770	73	90	93	64						
	Total	24608	2455	2958	2916	2036	841	961	1819	1897	3408	6114

Total children: 10365, which is 42% of total population. Com. Total children 13239 (43.53%)

ANNEX II

Table 2.1 Number of Children Fully immunized or left out

Adm	inistrative unit	Admir	nistrative d	lata	Com	munity da	ta
Ward #	Village	Number of Children<2 yrs	Number of children received all the vaccines	Number of children left out	Number of Children<2 yrs	Number of children received all the vaccines	Number of children left out
01	Purbo Koikhali				110	80	30
	Shapkhali						
02	Joyakhali	284	284		223	201	22
02	Boskhali				223	201	22
03	P. Kaikhali				124	84	40
	Shailkhali					20	1.5
04	Katamari	00/			55	39	16
05	Jadobpur	296	296		50	38	12
06	Paranpur				167	139	28
_	Kankarghata						
07	Mirjapur				24	20	4
	Mendinagar						
	Ghona						
08	Khosalpur						
	Nidoya	310	040		131	120	11
	Shib Chondropur		310				
	Asthakhali						
09	Majherati						
	Gorakhali				67	52	15
	Porakhali						
	Naikati Total	890	890		951	773	178

Source: Health Office

Table 2.2: Number of Pregnant women with status of IFA intake

Admini	strative unit	Administ Planning	rative data (Office)	Source: Fa	amily	Commun	ity Data (Sou	rce: WDC)
I qvW© Bs/ ward #	Mig/Village	No. of pregnant women	No. of pregnant women completed 4 ANC visits in the last six months	No. of pregnant women have received IFA Tablets	No. of pregnant women have consumed all IFA Tablets	No. of pregnant women	No. of pregnant women completed 4 ANC visits in the last six months	No. of pregnant women have received IFA Tablets	No. of pregnant women have consumed all IFA Tablets
01	Purbo Koikhali Shapkhali					52	42	42	35
02	Joyakhali Boskhali	191	81	191	165	37	30	30	27
03	P. Kaikhali					48	31	31	21
04	Shailkhali Katamari					14	04	04	04
05	Jadobpur	145	90	145	130	11	06	06	02
06	Paranpur					42	15	15	11
07	Kankarghata Mirjapur Mendinagar					16	14	14	10
08	Ghona Khosalpur Nidoya Shib Chondropur	139	74	139	110	43	24	24	21
09	Asthakhali Majherati Gorakhali Porakhali Naikati					52	35	35	32
	Total	475	245	475	405	315	201	201	163

Table 2.3: Available Facilities for Health and Family Planning

Ward	FWC	UHSC/	Communit	EPI Out-	Satellit	EPI site	NGO	Remark
#		RD	y Clinics	reach site	e	merged with	Clini	S
					Clinic	SC	c	
W#01	-	-	-		ı	-	-	
W#02	-	-	-	08	2	2	ı	
W#03	1	-	-		-	-	-	
W#04	-	-	1		1	1	-	
W#05	-	-	-	08	-	-	-	
W#06	-	-	1		3	3	-	
W#07	-	-	-		-	-	-	
W#08	-	-		08	1	1	-	
W#09	-	-	1		1	1	-	
Total	01	-	03	24	08	08	-	

Source: union Health staff

Table 2.4: HR Status of Health Services

	MO SACMO)		CHCP		AHI			HA				
San	Exi	Vac	San	Exist	Vac	San	Exis Ting	Vac	San	Exis	Vac	San	Exis ting.	Vac
1	-	1	1	1	-	3	3	-	1	1	-	5	5	-

Source: Department of Health

Table 2.5: HR Status of Family Planning Services

SACM	O	Sr FW	V	FWV		FPI		FWA		MLS	S
Sanc	Exis	Sanc	Exis	Sanc	Exis	Sanc	Exis	San	Exis	San	Exis
1	1	-	-	1	1	1	1	6	6	1	1

Source: Department of Family Planning

Table 3.1: Situation of Birth Registration, Child Labour, Disability and Children detached from Family (wki cwiw wz: Rb\u00e4wbe\u00fcb, wki k\u00e4, c\u00e4zevi /_tk wew\u00e4bookit`i msL\u00e4)

I qW/Фs	MÖg	Rb¥mb`cäß 1 eQi eqmxukïi msL"v	ıkï kÖg ıbh∳ ıkïi msL"v	cůZevŮ vki i msĽv	cvevi †_‡K vev/Qborkiii msl"v
Ward #	Village	Number of children of 1 year who have birth certificate	Number of children engaged in child labour	Children with disability	Number of children are detached from family
01	Purbo Koikhali Shapkhali	32	32	25	
02	Joyakhali Boskhali	19	73	45	
03	P. Kaikhali	16	74	25	
04	Shailkhali Katamari	7	30	57	
05	Jadobpur	6	24	46	
06	Paranpur	90	59	26	
07	Kankarghata Mirjapur Mendinagar	- 00	01	43	
08	Ghona Khosalpur Nidoya Shib Chondropur	43	10	74	
09	Asthakhali Majherati Gorakhali Porakhali Naikati	00	42	75	
	Total	213	345	416	

Source: UP Office

Table 4.1: Pre-primary Education Coverage ($\emph{c\'ak}$ $\emph{c\'a}$ \emph{ugK} $\emph{uk\'yi}$)

Ward #	Village	Name of school	Children of 5-6 years		er of ched in the		Children do not attend
				Girls	Boys	Total	school
08	Ghona	Gana GPS	24	11	13	24	
03	Pachim Kaikhali	Pochchim Koykhali GPS	405	196	209	405	
01	Purbo Kaikhali	Dokkhin Koykhali GPS	30	16	14	30	
04	Shailkhali	Shaheb Khali GPS	10	6	4	10	
01	Purbo Kaikhali	Mohajeren Kaikhali GPS	44	23	21	44	
05	Jadobpur	Jadobpur GPS	26	10	16	26	
06	Paranpur	Paranpur GPS S	32	15	17	32	
04	Katamari	Katamari GPS	22	12	10	22	
04	Solkhali	Soelkhali GPS S	10	4	6	10	
09	Astha Khali	Astha Khali GPS	34	23	11	34	
07	Kankarghata	Uttar Paranpur GPS	29	13	16	29	
08	Khosalpur	Purbo Paranpur GPS	29	15	14	29	
08	Nedoya	Nedoya GPS	34	16	18	34	
	Total		729	360	369	729	

Source: primary Education Office

Table 4.2: Primary Education Coverage (cũ ngK nk ỳ)

Ward #	Village	Name of School	Children of 6-10 yrs	Number of children enrolled in the primary school			Number Children do not
				Girls Boys Total		attend school	
08	Ghona	Gana GPS	126	60	66	126	
03	Pachim Kaikhali	Pochchim Koykhali GPS	227	111	116	227	
01	Purbo Kaikhali	Dokkhin Koykhali GPS	327	136	191	327	
04	Shailkhali	Shaheb Khali GPS	161	90	71	161	
01	Purbo Kaikhali	Mohajeren Koykhali GPS	249	118	131	249	
05	Jadobpur	Jadobpur GPS	487	225	214	439	48

06	Paranpur	Paranpur GPS	152	69	83	152	
04	Katamari	Katmari GPS	133	52	81	133	
04	Solkhali	Soelkhali GPS	327	116	154	327	
09	Astha Khali	Astha Khali GPS	126	59	67	126	
07	Kankarghata	Uttar Paranpur GPS	115	64	54	115	
08	Khosalpur	Purbo Paranpur GPS	215	113	102	215	
08	Nedoya	Nedoya GPS	162	55	100	155	7
07	Mendinagar	Mendinogor GPS	241	130	111	241	
	Total		3048	1398	1541	2993	55

Source: Primary Education Office, Note: GPS= Government Primary School

Table 4.3: Secondary Education Coverage (gua ngk uk yu ms u nš / Z_ ")

Ward	Name of School	Village	Girls	Boys	Total	Out of school children
I q₩©	⁻¢zji bvg	Mü‡gi bvg	‡g‡q	‡Q‡ j	‡gvU	⁻¢zj hvqbv
09	Naikati Siratunnabi Dakhil Madrasha	Naikati	209	155	364	
03	Kaikhali Siddikiya Rashedia Dakhil Madrasha	Kaikhali	213	94	307	
03	Kaikhali SR Secondary School	Kaikhali	210	175	385	
6	Pranpur A Rouf Secondary School	Pranpur	117	195	412	
04	ShailKhali Modinatul Ulum Dakhil Madrasha	Shailkhali	210	154	364	
	Total		959	773	1832	

Source: Upazila education officer/Ward Development Committee

Table 4.4: Number of Educational Institutions (ukÿvc#Zôvb msµvš/Z_)

Ward #	Name of village				mary School		Sch	condary 100l	Name of Villages without
		#s of GPS	#s of Com. School	#s of KG School	Ebtedai-e Madrassa	NGO Operated school	#s of Seconda ry school	#s of Madrasa (Second ary level)	School
W#01		1	-	-	-		-	-	Shapkhali
W#02		0	-	-	-		-	-	Joyakhali, Boskhali
W#03		1	-	-	-	-	1	1	
W#04		3	-	-	-	-		1	
W#05		1	-	-	-	-			
W#06		1	1	-	-	-	1		
W#07		2	-	-	-	-	-	-	
W#08		4	ı	ı	-	-	-	-	
W#09		1	-	-	-	-		1	Parankhali, Gorakhali
Total		14	-	-	-	-	02	03	

Source: Education office and UP

Number of secondary school is very limited and naturally located at far from villages/communities. It may a cause of high drop out at secondary level especially for the girls.

Table 4.5.: HR status in Primary and Secondary education in the union (gube $m^\mu \hat{u}$ ev $uk\ddot{y}K$ $ms\mu v \ddot{s}$ Z_{-})

Total School	Head Teacher		Assistant Teachers					
	Sanctioned	Existing	Sanctioned	Existing	Female	Male	Vacant	
GPS =	14	14	88	81	33	48	7	
Secondary School=	02	02						
Madrasa =	03	03						

ANNEX V

Table 5.1: Sources of safe water (ubivc` cwbi Drm)

Admi	nistrative unit	Census]					
l qww bs	Mig Village	HH covered by Safe (TW) water	bj K‡ci msL"v Numb er of Tube wells	CÛ m'vÛ wdëvi I mvcj vB cwbi U'vc Gi msL'v #s of PSF and Tap of supply water	ewoi cwwb ati ivLvi e"ve"v msL"v #s of RWH S	bó n‡q hvl qv cwbi Dr‡mi msL" Number of water source are not functioni ng	Avtmink hy Ktj i msL"v Number of tube wells are arsenic contaminat ed	kZKiv KZ Lvbvq wbivc` cwbi e"ve"v Av‡Q % of HH have access to save water	gšė" Remar ks
01	Purbo Koikhali	2	10	5	2	1	1	1037	
	Shapkhali	1	6	3	2	1	1		
	Joyakhali	5	3	3	1			995	
02	Boskhali	1	3	3	1				
03	Kaikhali	0	4	3	1			957	
	Shailkhali	5	4	3	2	1		500	
04	Katamari	136	3	4	1				
05	Jadobpur	11	7	5	1	1	1	470	
06	Paranpur	267	3	3	1			990	
07	Kankarghata Mirjapur Mendinagor	0	4	3	1			342	
	Ghona	0	4	3	1			318	
08	Khosalpur	0	5	3	2	1			
	Nidoya	0	4	2	1			-	
	Shib Chondropur	30	3	5	1				
9	Asthakhali	0	5	3	1	1		314	
	Gorakhali	0	5	3	1				
	Porakhali	0	3	3	1	1			
	Majherati	0	3	2	1				
	Naikati	0	5	4	2	1	1		
	Total	464	90	68	8			5923	90%HH

Source: UP Office/ DPHE Office/Community

Table 5.2: Sanitation coverage (m"wb‡Ukb Gi Ae "v)

Administrative unit Census 2011				Community Data							
War d no.	Village	НН	# of HH have hygiene latrines		Non- sanitar	# of HH without hygiene latrines	НН	# of HH have hygiene latrines	# of HH have un hygiene latrines	# of HH without latrines	
01	Purbo Koikhali Shapkhali	569 361	20 10	285	248 149	17	1038	495	543		
	Joyakhali	456	71	182	199	4					
02	Boskhali	561	94	90	311	66	1107	1026	81		
03	P. Kaikhali	899	145	418	315	21	957	755	202		
04	Shailkhali	342	136	127	52	27	501	501	463	38	
	Katamari	136	2	108	26	0		403	36		
05	Jadobpur	294	15	173	102	4	492	440	52		
06	Paranpur Kankarghata	836 102	10	100	369	0	1057	1030	27		
07	Mirjapur	87	0	35	52	0					
	Mendinagor	217	20	177	20	0	504	385	119		
08	Ghona	53	0	48	5	0					
	Khosalpur	57	2	47	8	0				19	
	Nidoya	153	16	101	29	7	488	254	215		
	Shib Chondropur	210 86	27	70	12	2					
09	Asthakhali Gorakhali	37	0	34	3	0					
	Porakhali	92	8	13	66	5	411	238	173		
	Majherati	89	4	30	53	2	411	238	1/3		
	Naikati	178	0	4	174	0					
	Total	5815	580	2861	2214	160	6555	5086	1450	19	

Source: Census 2011 Source: UP Office/Community

Human Resources supports for Water and Sanitation Services (gube m¤ú`)

Table 5.4: Department of Public Health:

Union	Mechanic		Mason		Remarks
	San.	Exis.	San.	Exis.	
Kaikhali	0.5	.05	-	-	One Tube well Mechanic assign for two union

Source: Public Health (Note: San: Sanction, Exis: Existing)

6.0 Mapping of NGO programs:

Ward #	Health	Nutriti on	WASH	Education	C4D	СР	Agri- culture	Micro- credit	Disaster
01	BRAC	Care- Banglade sh, Shushilo n	Shushilon, Caritas, World vision	BRAC, JCF, Caritas, World Vision,	Caritas, Rupantar	Rupan tar, world vision	Nowabeki Ganomuk hi Foun- dation- NGF, Leaders	brac, G. Bank, NGF, Leaders	World vision, Caritas, Shushilon,
02	do	Do	Do	Do	Do		Do	Do	Do
03	d0	Do	Do	Do	Do		Do	Do	Do
04	Do	Do	Do	Do	Do		Do	Do	Do
05	Do	Do	Do	Do	Do		Do	Do	Do
06	Do	Do	Do	Do	Do		Do	Do	Do
07	Do	Do	Do	Do	Do		Do	Do	Do
08	Do	Do	Do	Do	Do		Do	Do	Do
09	Do	Do	Do	Do	Do		Do	Do	Do
Total						_			

(Note: Brac, Grammen Bank, Caritas, World Vision, Dhaka Ahsania mission, Rupantar are working in this union. There are lack of coordination in between NGOs and NGOs with UP). Five NOGs were working on Emergencies (Disaster Management) and they assist to UDMC to prepared five types of "Union Action plan for Disaster Management due to lack of coordination.

7. Civil society: List of Key Influential peoples and their contact no.

SI#	Name	Village	Profession	Contact Number
1	G M Rezaul Karim	Pranpur	Business	01715713444
2	Md. Abul Basar	West Kaikhali	Teacher	01720586875
3	Aminur Rahman	Kaikhali	Business	01719968640
4	Radha Rani	West Kaikhali	Housewife	01727218202
5	Azizul Haque	Shibchandrapur	Business	01729378526
6	Nurislam Moral	Joyakhali	Business	01767487607
7	Abul Hossain	Kakorghata	Doctors	01852377788
8	Pobitro Kumar	Pranpur	Business	01718551816

8. Chairpersons of Standing Committees:

SI#	Name of Standing Committee	Name of Chairperson of the Committee	Contact number of Chairperson of the Committee	Remarks
1	Law and Discipline Committee	G M Rezaul Karim	01715713444	Chairman
2	Birth and Death Registration	Aminur Rahman	01719968640	Ward No- 04
3	Sanitation, water supply and drainage system	Radha Rani	01727218202	Ward no.1,2,3
4	Social welfare and disaster	Azizul Haque	01729378526	Ward no.06
5	Resolution of family conflicts and women and children welfare	Nurislam Moral	01767487607	Ward no.4,5,6
6	Culture and Sports	Nasima Begum	01733861762	Ward no- 08

11. Union E Learning centre:

Name of Entrepreneur	Mobile Number
Md. Faruk Hossain	01748481242
Jesmin Nahar	01718795238

12. Important Mobile number of UnionParisad:

Name of UP Representative	Designation	Mobile Number
G M Rezaul Karim	Chairman	01715713444
Aminur Rahman	Secretary	01711237111